Run By Shorthand Dictation Legal Matters

Since 2005

(Sir Isaac Pitman's Shorthand)

Krishna Shorthand Institute कृष्णा आशुलिपिक संस्थान (English Only) छ). A.V. Kushwaha

(For Govt. Jobs, SSC (Group D & C), Supreme Court, High Court, District Courts, ASRB, CRPF, Railway, CBSC & all other departments requiring "English Stenographer/ Personal Assistant/Private Secretary"

(87, Sulem Sarai, Prayagraj, Uttar Pradesh)

(Contact No. 7355504435)

If you are not upgrading, you are downgrading.

Note: We have provided the text, followed by the outlines of all highlighted words/phrases, vocabulary, accuracy tips, and finally, an analysis of capital letters/ words occurred in the passage.

Success Mantra!

YOUR JOURNEY

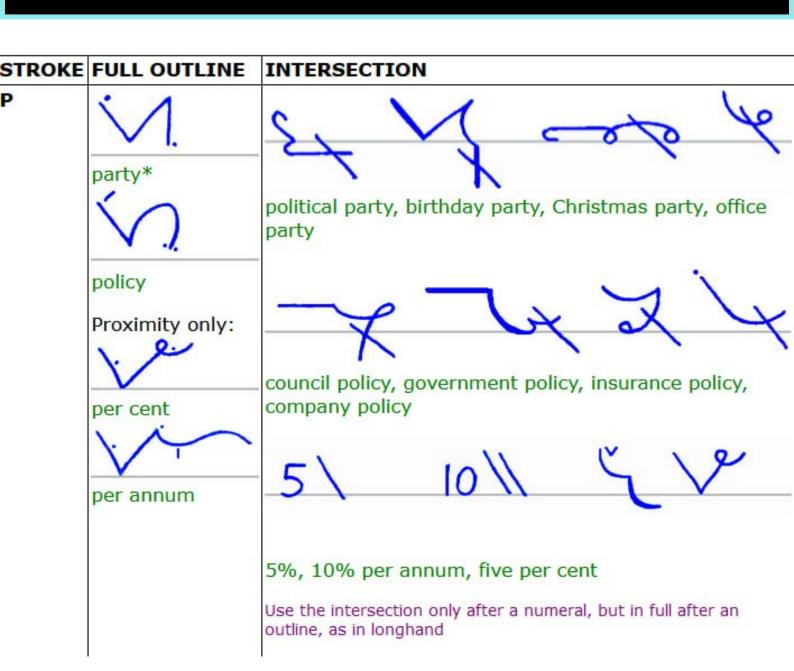


Regular practice of English Shorthand is key to continuous improvement. Each day, as you practice, your skills will enhance, leading you towards greater accuracy. This dedication will prepare you to adeptly manage varying dictation speeds and ultimately achieve your goals (Govt. Job) with satisfaction.

AV Kushwaha, Krishna Shorthand Institute, Online English Shorthand Class at 7355504435 via Telegram.

Speed Building Mantra:

The method of writing one stroke through another is used for building speed. It is called intersection. It is used for frequently occurring words, phrase etc. Either we write it through the stroke or after or before the stroke as per convenience of speed writing. Following is given few frequently used intersection. Practice all words at least three lines each.



Speed Building Mantra:

Pr	~	to the
	professor	Professor Smith, professor of music, music professor
Pl	<u>ر</u>	to make application, many applications, enclosed
	application	application
Pn	>	-17 of
	punishment	corporal punishment, school punishment, necessary punishment
Ps	` √15-	()
	apparatus	heating apparatus, electrical apparatus, scientific
Ps	\ <u>\</u>	apparatus
	purpose	A 90 8
		for the purpose*, for the purposes*, for these purposes, for those purposes
		*These two are sometimes shown as F+Ps, not intersected, thus omitting "the", but the plural of that version could be ambiguous, making equal sense with or without "the"
		L XX
		any oth <u>er</u> purpose, primary purpose, for many purposes
		If you felt this might clash with another use of Ps, could use PPs instead



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Shorthand Dictation Legal Matters.

NOTE: Very important latest created passage for Supreme Court/High Court/District Court/Tribunal etc. related skill tests apart from speed building.

Topic: Listing of Cases Selectively in Courts

Volume 1, Dictation No. 23

Note: Outlines of all highlighted words/phrases are given at the end of the passage. Adopt all better outlines than yours.

The petitioner, who is an Advocate practicing in this Court, has filed the writ petition under Article 32 of the Constitution of India against various officers of the Registry of this Court and the Union of India. Prayer has been made to appropriate Writ, Order or Direction in the nature of *Mandamus* directing the <u>respondents</u> not to give by influential to the cases filed preference lawyers/petitioners, law firms, etc. Prayer has been direct the respondents to give equal made to the filed to ordinary treatment cases by lawyers/petitioners and not to point out unnecessary defects, refund the excess court fee and other charges, and not to tag the cases without order or direction of the Court with other cases. A prayer

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has also been made to direct the Secretary General of this Court to take action against the their officers involvement listing, for in the clearing, bench hunting. and In the aforesaid circumstances, considering the ongoing pandemic caused by **COVID-19**, the **Registry** of this Court is working with less strength, and because of the facts described above and circumstances, we find that there was no justification for the petitioner to allege discrimination vis-à-vis to him and to favour any particular individual. The defects were there in all the three cases filed by the petitioner. The petitioner has filed this writ application in a hurry. When it was listed, he circulated a letter to the effect that, as per procedure, he expected that he would be called for interaction by Registrar of this Court to find out his fitness whether he could argue a case in person. The petitioner ought to know that he is an Advocate of this Court and argues the matter in this Court. As such, it was not necessary to summon him for adjudging his capability as to whether he could argue the case.

Be that as it may, circulating such a letter was not appropriate at his stance and why he doubted his ability to argue. There was no justification to entertain this kind of apprehension in mind. He ought to have been careful in circulating such a letter seeking a wholly unjustified adjournment. In the letter circulated by him, it was further stated that he wanted to collect the evidence and to file

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it, and for that purpose, he prayed for six weeks' time. The conduct indicates that the petitioner was careless and not serious while he made allegations. He filed writ application without due enquiries, and without collecting the requisite material. Such conduct was least expected of an officer of this Court. The petitioner ought to have been careful before <u>casting unnecessary</u> <u>aspersions</u> on the Registry and staff of this Court. The petition as filed could not be said to maintainable. The petitioner has impleaded the Secretary General, various Registrars, and officers of the Registry, SCBA, and Union of India in his writ application. In contrast, Writ is filed against this Court itself. He ought to have impleaded the Supreme Court of India in the Writ application through Secretary-General. The omission indicates careless conduct on the part of the petitioner. The petition was filed in undue haste. We take judicial notice of the fact that a large number of petitions are filed which are defective; still, the insistence is made to list them and mention is made that they should be listed urgently. It happens in a large number of matters, and unnecessary pressure is put upon the Assistants dealing with the cases. We find due to mistakes/carelessness when petitions with defects are filed, it should not be expected that they should be listed instantly.

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unnecessary aspersions maintainable impleaded in contrast Supreme Court of India on the part of the undue Krishna Shorthand 7 judicial large number o defective insistence (87, Sulem Sarai, Prayagraj unnecessary **Assistants** dealing with the mistakes carelessness it should not be expected that they should be instantly. haste

(Increase your vocabulary:

Learn New and Important Words of the Matter) Keep revising all new words learned.

Legal/General Matter (Legal Vocabulary Building)

- 1. Petitioner: (noun) a person who makes a formal application to a court याचिकाकर्ता
- 2. Registry: (noun) an administrative office of a court that handles filing and processing of cases रजिस्ट्री, पंजीयन कार्यालय
- 3. Writ, Order or Direction: (noun) formal written commands issued by a court रिट, आदेश या निर्देश
- 4. Mandamus: (noun) a judicial order compelling a public authority to perform a duty परमादेश
- 5. Respondents: (noun) parties against whom a petition or appeal is filed प्रत्यर्थी, उत्तरदाता
- 6. Preference: (noun) special treatment or priority given to someone or something वरीयता, पक्षपात
- 7. Etc.: (abbreviation) et cetera; and other similar things इत्यादि

- 8. Equal: (adjective) the same in amount, degree, or status समान, बराबर
- 9. Accuracy Mantra: Excess vs. Access:
 - Excess: (noun) an amount that is more than necessary or permitted अधिकता, अतिरिक्त
 - Example: "Refund the excess court fee" (extra fee paid beyond required amount)
 - Accuracy tip: Use "excess" for surplus/extra quantities
 - Access: (noun) the means or right to approach or enter प्रवेश, पहुँच
 - Example: "Lawyers need access to court records" (ability to reach/obtain)
 - Accuracy tip: Use "access" for permission, entry, or ability to reach something
- 10. Tag: (verb) to attach or associate one case with another जोड़ना, संलग्न करना
- 11. Erring: (adjective) making mistakes or doing wrong गलती करने वाला, त्रुटिपूर्ण
- 12. Bench hunting: (noun phrase) the practice of seeking a favorable judge or court for one's case अनुक्ल न्यायाधीश की तलाश

- 13. Ongoing: (adjective) continuing; currently in progress चल रहा, जारी
- 14. Pandemic: (noun) a disease prevalent over a whole country or the world महामारी
- 15. COVID-19: (noun) Coronavirus Disease 2019; a specific infectious disease कोविड-19
- 16. Justification: (noun) a good reason or explanation for something औचित्य, न्यायोचित कारण
- 17. Discrimination: (noun) unfair treatment of different categories of people भेदभाव, पक्षपात
- 18. Vis-à-vis: (preposition) in relation to; with regard to; compared with के संबंध में, की तुलना में Accuracy Mantra: When this word is dictated, always use a dash (-) as shown.
- 19. Circulating: (verb) (present participle) distributing or spreading something परिचालित करना, वितरित करना
- 20. Stance: (noun) a person's attitude or position on an issue रुख, स्थिति
- 21. Apprehension: (noun) anxiety or fear about something; understanding आशंका, भय

- 22. Ought to have been: (modal verb phrase) should have been; expressing duty or expectation होना चाहिए था
- 23. Adjournment: (noun) postponement of a hearing to another time स्थगन
- 24. Accuracy Mantra: Inquiries vs. Enquiry:
- Inquiries: (noun, plural) formal investigations or systematic examinations जाँच-पड़ताल, अन्वेषण
 - Example: "He filed the petition without due inquiries" (formal investigation)
 - Accuracy tip: Use "inquiries" (with 'i') for formal investigations, especially in legal/official contexts
- Enquiry: (noun) a request for information or general question पूछताछ, जानकारी मांगना
 - Example: "I made an enquiry about the court timings" (asking for information)
 - Accuracy tip: Use "enquiry" (with 'e') for informal questions or requests for information. Note: In American English, "inquiry" is used for both meanings.

- 27. Requisite: (adjective) required by the nature of things or circumstances; necessary आवश्यक, अपेक्षित
- 28. Casting: (verb) (present participle) throwing or directing something (here, blame or doubt) डालना, लगाना
- 29. Aspersions: (noun, plural) damaging or derogatory remarks or criticisms आक्षेप, लांछन
- 30. Maintainable: (adjective) capable of being upheld or supported in law स्वीकार्य, वैध
- 31. Impleaded: (verb) (past tense) made a party to a legal action पक्षकार बनाया
- 32. In contrast: (phrase) showing the difference when compared विपरीत, इसके विपरीत
- 33. Undue: (adjective) excessive; beyond what is appropriate or necessary अन्चित, अत्यधिक
- 34. Listed: (verb) (past tense) officially scheduled for hearing in court सूचीबद्ध किया
- 35. Defective: (adjective) having faults or deficiencies दोषपूर्ण, त्रुटिपूर्ण

- 36. Insistence: (noun) firm demand or persistent assertion आग्रह, जिद
- 37. Carelessness: (noun) lack of attention or consideration; negligence लापरवाही, असावधानी
- 38. Instantly: (adverb) immediately; at once तुरंत, तत्काल
- 39. <mark>Haste</mark>: (noun) excessive speed or urgency जल्दबाजी, शीघ्रता

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Capitalization and Rules Applied for it

Accuracy Building Analysis of Capitalization:

Proper Nouns - Names of Specific Entities

- 1. Article 32 Specific article in the Constitution (proper noun)
- 2. Constitution of India Official name of the constitution (proper noun)
- 3. India Country name (proper noun)

- **4.Registry** Supreme Court Registry office (proper noun)
- 5. Court Supreme Court specifically (proper noun)
- **6.Union of India** Official government name (proper noun)
- 7. COVID-19 Disease name (proper noun/acronym)
- 8. Secretary General Official title (proper noun)
- 9. Registrar Official position (proper noun)
- 10. Supreme Court of India Official institution name (proper noun)
- 11.SCBA Supreme Court Bar Association (acronym)
- 12. High Courts Specific judicial institutions (proper noun)
- 13.R. Muthukrishnan Person's name (proper noun)
- 14. Registrar General Official title (proper noun)
- 15. High Court of Judicature at Madras Official court name (proper noun)
- 16. Madras City name (proper noun)
- 17. Writ Petition (C) No.612 of 2016 Specific case number (proper noun)

Legal Terms

- 18. Writ Specific type of legal order (legal convention)
- 19. Order Formal court command (legal convention)
- **20.Direction** Formal court instruction (legal convention)
- 21. Mandamus Specific legal remedy (legal convention)

Titles and Professional Designations

- 22. Assistants Job title in Court (proper noun)
- 23. Dealing Assistants Specific job position (proper noun)
- 24. Dealing Staff Specific staff category (proper noun)
- 25. First person singular pronoun (grammatical rule always capital)
- 26.Covid-19 Alternate spelling of COVID-19 (disease name)
- 27.No. Abbreviation for Number (standard abbreviation capitalization)
- **28.(C)** Case type designation letter (standard legal citation format)

Summary of Capitalization Rules

- 1. Proper nouns Names of people, places, institutions, titles
- 2.Legal documents/remedies Writ, Order, Direction, Mandamus
- 3. Professional titles Advocate, Registrar, Secretary General, Officers
- 4. Acronyms All letters (SCBA, COVID-19)
- 5. First person pronouns "I" and "We" (always capital)
- 6.Official positions Secretary General, Registrar, Dealing Assistants
- 7.Case citations Proper formatting rules (No., letters)
- 8. Important legal classes Lawyers, Advocates, Litigants (for respect/emphasis)
- 9. Specific institutions Court, Registry (when referring to Supreme Court specifically)
- 10. Countries India

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